
See what's new with book lending at the Internet Archive. Black-White income differentials : empirical studies and policy implications. Item Preview. remove-circle. Black-White income differentials : empirical studies and policy implications. by. Masters, Stanley H., 1940 The professional relationship arises from the significant information differential between physician and patient, and permits the physician to exert direct, non-price influence on the demand for his...Â Cite this chapter as: Evans R.G. (1974) Supplier-Induced Demand: Some Empirical Evidence and Implications. In: Perlman M. (eds) The Economics of Health and Medical Care. International Economic Association Series. This book is the result of a one-day conference 'Foreign Direct Investment, Income Inequality and Poverty, experiences and policy implications' held at ODI on 28 February 2003 (for more details see www.odi.org.uk/ledg/meetings/FDI_feb2003/FDI_Programme.html). A selection of papers presented at the conference has been published here.Â FDI and wage inequality: evidence sofar 2.5 FDI and income inequality in Latin America: new empiricalÂ FDI, Income Inequality and Poverty: Experiences and Policy Implications. Dirk Willem te Velde. The central theme of this book is Foreign Direct Investment and Development, including impacts on income inequality and poverty. Keywords: Sudden stops, debt crises, banking crises, currency crises, defaults, policy implications, financial restructuring, asset booms, credit booms, crises prediction. Authorâ€™s E-Mail Address: SClaassens@imf.org, AKose@imf.org.Â In light of this, this section briefly reviews theoretical and empirical studies analyzing the developments in credit and asset markets around financial crises. Section III classifies the types of financial crises identified in many studies. It is useful to classify crises in four groups: currency crises; sudden stop (or capital account or balance of. 2 For further reading on financial crises, the starting point is the authoritative study by Reinhart and Rogoff (2009). Classical references are Minsky (1975) and Kindleberger (1976). studied optimal taxation as a young person and thought that this topic was completely and totally dead, but Emmanuel has managed to bring it back by essentially figuring out ways to make the theory more than just a theory. He finds ways to have the formulas actually say something beyond vacuous statements about unobservable variables. He has also worked on dividend taxation and on empirical responses to taxation. He is also well known among labor and public economists for starting the style of empirical analysis we associate with what is called bunch-ing, where people respond to kinks in ...Â 8 contemporary economic policy. is based on the many studies that I and many colleagues have done over the years.