

Asymmetries in Regional Integration and Local Development 9781597820042 Paolo Giordano, Francesco Lanzafame, Jörg Meyer-Stamer 263 pages 2005 IDB, 2005

This volume discusses frameworks for policies that can help offset the polarizing effects that may be generated by the asymmetrical distribution of the costs and benefits of integration into the global economy. Related Topics. Trade Agreement (1468). Globalization and Regionalization (1351). Integration and Trade (2556). In summary, regions, regional cooperation, Just as there are competing understandings regional integration, regionalism and region- about how to define a region, there are many alization are contested concepts that are used contrasting and sometimes incompatible defini- differently across disciplines, and frequently tions of related concepts. It is common to distinguish eration. Mitrany criticized both federalism between an earlier wave of regionalism in the and neofunctionalism on the basis that both 1950s and 1960s (then often referred to as were primarily based on territory rather than "regional integration" and a more recent function. This volume discusses frameworks for policies that can help offset the polarizing effects that may be generated by the asymmetrical distribution of the costs and benefits of integration into the global economy. MoreLess. Authors: Giordano, Paolo ; Lanzafame, Francesco ; Meyer-Stamer, Jörg ; Bustillo, Inés ; Ocampo, José Antonio ; Ojeda, Raúl Hinojosa ; Bouzas, Roberto ; Markusen, Ann ; Diniz, Cláudio Campolina ; Marin, Francisco Xabier Albistur ; Clark, Greg. Other Persons: Giordano, Paolo (contributor) ; Lanzafame, Francesco (contributor) ; Meyer-Stamer, Jörg (contributor). Institutions The region accounts for more. than 75% of foreign trade in the majority of Western Europe countries, as well as in. CIS countries; in Central and Eastern European countries (CEECs) and Baltic states; trade outside the region generally does not exceed 10% of the total. In comparison, the regional orientation of foreign trade appears rather limited in America. This is. notably due to the rather intense trade relationships maintained with European. countries (and with Asia as far Chile and Peru are concerned).